

1990 and 2000 CENSUS : PHILLIPS NEIGHBORHOOD

Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics

(Note: The separation of Ventura Village from Phillips was approved by the City Council in May 2002)

(1990*) Ventura Village data included

(2000**) Ventura Village data not included

Subject	1990*	2000**
EMPLOYMENT STATUS		
Total Population 16 years and over	11,982	8,845
In labor force	6,087	5,095
Civilian labor force	6,087	5,095
Employed	5,189	4,510
Unemployed	898	585
Percent of civilian labor force	14.8%	11.5%
Armed Forces	0	0
Not in labor force	5,895	3,750
Females 16 years and over	6,474	4,450
In labor force	2,549	2,165
Civilian labor force	2,549	2,165
Employed	2,145	1,865
Own children under 6 years	405	1,550
All parents in family in labor force	305	825
COMMUTING TO WORK		
Workers 16 years and over	5,063	4,385
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	2,025	1,875
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	710	955
Public transportation (including taxicab)	1,231	990
Walked	655	325
Other means	95	130
Worked at home	163	110
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	N/A	25.1
CLASS OF WORKER		
Private wage and salary workers	4,288	3,855
Government workers	691	460
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	210	190
Unpaid family workers	0	10
INCOME		
Households	6,307	3,975
Less than \$10,000	2,645	805
\$10,000 to \$14,999	944	465
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,263	850
\$25,000 to \$34,999	725	605
\$35,000 to \$49,999	442	470
\$50,000 to \$74,999	222	515
\$75,000 to \$99,999	33	140
\$100,000 to \$149,999	17	80
\$150,000 or more	16	35

Subject	1990	2000
Median Household income	\$ 12,254	\$ 23,090
Total Households with earnings	3,932	2,965
Mean earnings	\$ 19,852	\$ 33,459
Total Households with Social Security income	1,579	800
Mean Social Security income	\$ 5,934	\$ 9,038
Total Households with Supplemental Security income	N/A	345
Mean Supplemental Security income	N/A	\$ 6,452
Total Households with Public Assistance income	2,224	820
Mean Public Assistance income	\$ 5,208	\$ 5,036
Total Households with Retirement income	545	355
Mean Retirement income	\$ 6,917	\$ 7,467
Families		
Less than \$10,000	1,446	355
\$10,000 to \$14,999	308	205
\$15,000 to \$24,999	540	450
\$25,000 to \$34,999	401	405
\$35,000 to \$49,999	211	315
\$50,000 to \$74,999	127	340
\$75,000 to \$99,999	19	90
\$100,000 to \$149,999	0	45
\$150,000 or more	0	30
Median family income	\$ 11,460	\$ 27,136
POPULATION BELOW POVERTY LEVEL (see Definition below *)		
Families	1536	700
With related children under 18 years	1412	665
With related children under 5 years	317	405
Families with female householder-no husband present		
With related children under 18 years	1,130	435
With related children under 5 years	1,101	430
With related children under 5 years	241	260
Individuals	5,526	3,970
18 years and over	4,249	2,265
65 years and over	407	220
Related children under 18 years	1,277	1,670
Related children 5 to 17 years	444	1,090
Unrelated children 15 years and over	N/A	1,140
POPULATION FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED		
Families	3,052	2,235
With related children under 18 years	2,255	1,800
With related children under 5 years	474	995
Families with female householder-no husband present		
With related children under 18 years	1,628	1,030
With related children under 18 years	1,427	935
With related children under 5 years	288	460
Individuals	12,472	12,280
18 years and over	10,845	7,875
65 years and over	1,553	800
Related children under 18 years	1,627	4,365
Related children 5 to 17 years	734	2,955
Unrelated children 15 years and over	N/A	3,060

Due to changes in how the Census Bureau defined occupational and industrial categories, data from 1990 and 2000 cannot be compared directly and are therefore presented separately

1990 Census Occupational and Industrial categories

Employed civilian population 16 years and over	
	5,189
OCCUPATION	
Managerial and professional specialty occupations:	
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	416
Professional specialty occupations	628
Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations:	
Technicians and related support occupations	251
Sales occupations	331
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	877
Services occupations:	
Private household occupations	2
Protective service occupations	34
Service occupations, except protective and household	1,183
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	60
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	357
Operators, fabricators, and laborers:	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	517
Transportation and material moving occupations	264
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	269
INDUSTRY	
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	41
Mining	0
Construction	163
Manufacturing, nondurable goods	280
Manufacturing, durable goods	406
Transportation	232
Communications and other public utilities	55
Wholesale trade	210
Retail trade	903
Finance, insurance, and real estate	321
Business and repair services	443
Personal services	232
Entertainment and recreation services	115
Professional and related services:	
Health services	748
Educational services	355
Other professional and related services	558
Public administration	127

2000 Census Occupational and Industrial categories

Employed civilian population 16 years and over	
	4,510
OCCUPATION	
Management, professional, and related occupations	
	905
Service occupations	
	1,290
Sales and office occupations	
	935
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	
	4
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	
	405
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
	970
INDUSTRY	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	
	20
Construction	
	210
Manufacturing	
	675
Wholesale trade	
	180
Retail trade	
	395
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	
	250
Information	
	65
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	
	310
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	
	355
Educational, health and social services	
	955
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services	
	745
Other services (except public administration)	
	290
Public administration	
	65

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Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 1990 and 2000

(*) Poverty definition.

Following the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB's) Directive 14, the Census Bureau uses a set of money income thresholds that vary by family size and composition to detect who is poor. If a family's total income is less than that family's threshold, then that family, and every individual in it, is considered poor. The poverty thresholds do not vary geographically, but they are updated annually for inflation with the Consumer Price Index (CPI-U). The official poverty definition counts money income before taxes and excludes capital gains and noncash benefits (such as public housing, medicaid, and food stamps). The link to 1990 poverty thresholds is: <http://www.census.gov/hhes/poverty/threshld/thresh89.html> and the link to the comparable 2000 thresholds is: <http://www.census.gov/hhes/poverty/threshld/thresh99.html>