

1990 and 2000 CENSUS : PAGE NEIGHBORHOOD

Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics

Subject	1990	2000
EMPLOYMENT STATUS		
Total Population 16 years and over	1,379	1,335
In labor force	1,015	980
Civilian labor force	1,015	980
Employed	976	955
Unemployed	39	25
Percent of civilian labor force	3.8%	2.6%
Armed Forces	0	0
Not in labor force	364	360
Females 16 years and over	708	660
In labor force	471	430
Civilian labor force	471	430
Employed	450	430
Own children under 6 years	142	135
All parents in family in labor force	136	60
COMMUTING TO WORK		
Workers 16 years and over	970	944
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	744	675
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	119	110
Public transportation (including taxicab)	64	65
Walked	9	10
Other means	0	4
Worked at home	34	80
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	N/A	17.6
CLASS OF WORKER		
Private wage and salary workers	825	790
Government workers	109	80
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	42	80
Unpaid family workers	0	10
INCOME		
Households	682	720
Less than \$10,000	35	15
\$10,000 to \$14,999	49	35
\$15,000 to \$24,999	37	4
\$25,000 to \$34,999	80	30
\$35,000 to \$49,999	110	135
\$50,000 to \$74,999	144	130
\$75,000 to \$99,999	129	150
\$100,000 to \$149,999	58	135
\$150,000 or more	40	70

Subject	1990	2000
Median Household income	\$ 57,176	\$ 75,124
Total Households with earnings	572	605
Mean earnings	\$ 64,265	\$ 92,939
Total Households with Social Security income	147	145
Mean Social Security income	\$ 10,077	\$ 13,709
Total Households with Supplemental Security income	N/A	4
Mean Supplemental Security income	N/A	\$ 10,193
Total Households with Public Assistance income	4	0
Mean Public Assistance income	\$ 5,000	\$0
Total Households with Retirement income	105	90
Mean Retirement income	\$ 13,229	\$ 22,925
Families		
Less than \$10,000	495	445
\$10,000 to \$14,999	13	4
\$15,000 to \$24,999	26	15
\$25,000 to \$34,999	24	0
\$35,000 to \$49,999	33	10
\$50,000 to \$74,999	73	65
\$75,000 to \$99,999	120	90
\$100,000 to \$149,999	123	90
\$150,000 or more	43	125
\$150,000 or more	40	45
Median family income	\$ 65,926	\$ 86,143
POPULATION BELOW POVERTY LEVEL (see Definition below *)		
Families		
With related children under 18 years	13	15
With related children under 5 years	13	0
With related children under 5 years	0	0
Families with female householder-no husband present		
With related children under 18 years	13	0
With related children under 5 years	13	0
With related children under 5 years	0	0
Individuals		
18 years and over	44	55
65 years and over	21	55
65 years and over	0	15
Related children under 18 years	13	0
Related children 5 to 17 years	4	0
Unrelated children 15 years and over	N/A	25
POPULATION FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED		
Families		
With related children under 18 years	495	445
With related children under 18 years	251	180
With related children under 5 years	81	90
Families with female householder-no husband present		
With related children under 18 years	58	40
With related children under 18 years	35	10
With related children under 5 years	0	0
Individuals		
18 years and over	1,363	1,595
18 years and over	1,322	1,305
65 years and over	230	175
Related children under 18 years	41	285
Related children 5 to 17 years	26	150
Unrelated children 15 years and over	N/A	340

Due to changes in how the Census Bureau defined occupational and industrial categories, data from 1990 and 2000 cannot be compared directly and are therefore presented separately

1990 Census Occupational and Industrial categories

Employed civilian population 16 years and over	976
OCCUPATION	
Managerial and professional specialty occupations:	
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupation	195
Professional specialty occupations	340
Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations:	
Technicians and related support occupations	75
Sales occupations	149
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	66
Services occupations:	
Private household occupations	0
Protective service occupations	5
Service occupations, except protective and household	69
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	0
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	18
Operators, fabricators, and laborers:	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	30
Transportation and material moving occupations	7
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	22
INDUSTRY	
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	0
Mining	0
Construction	9
Manufacturing, nondurable goods	60
Manufacturing, durable goods	66
Transportation	63
Communications and other public utilities	19
Wholesale trade	41
Retail trade	138
Finance, insurance, and real estate	64
Business and repair services	76
Personal services	8
Entertainment and recreation services	18
Professional and related services:	
Health services	169
Educational services	79
Other professional and related services	142
Public administration	24

2000 Census Occupational and Industrial categories

Employed civilian population 16 years and over	955
OCCUPATION	
Management, professional, and related occupations	650
Service occupations	70
Sales and office occupations	150
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	15
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	45
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	25
INDUSTRY	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	0
Construction	45
Manufacturing	95
Wholesale trade	20
Retail trade	55
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	45
Information	70
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	165
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	140
Educational, health and social services	195
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services	50
Other services (except public administration)	55
Public administration	20

Prepared by City of Minneapolis
Community Planning and Economic Development Dept.

March 2005

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 1990 and 2000

(*) Poverty definition.

Following the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB's) Directive 14, the Census Bureau uses a set of money income thresholds that vary by family size and composition to detect who is poor. If a family's total income is less than that family's threshold, then that family, and every individual in it, is considered poor. The poverty thresholds do not vary geographically, but they are updated annually for inflation with the Consumer Price Index (CPI-U). The official poverty definition counts money income before taxes and excludes capital gains and noncash benefits (such as public housing, medicaid, and food stamps). The link to 1990 poverty thresholds is: <http://www.census.gov/hhes/poverty/threshld/thresh89.html> and the link to the comparable 2000 thresholds is: <http://www.census.gov/hhes/poverty/threshld/thresh99.html>