

1990 and 2000 CENSUS : LOWRY HILL NEIGHBORHOOD

Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics

Subject	1990	2000
EMPLOYMENT STATUS		
Total Population 16 years and over	3,370	3,565
In labor force	2,732	2,720
Civilian labor force	2,726	2,720
Employed	2,641	2,690
Unemployed	85	25
Percent of civilian labor force	3.1%	0.9%
Armed Forces	6	0
Not in labor force	638	850
Females 16 years and over	1,835	1,855
In labor force	1,393	1,350
Civilian labor force	1,393	1,350
Employed	1,343	1,350
Own children under 6 years	81	145
All parents in family in labor force	73	50
COMMUTING TO WORK		
Workers 16 years and over	2,562	2,660
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	1,641	1,840
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	169	185
Public transportation (including taxicab)	388	360
Walked	191	130
Other means	5	35
Worked at home	151	110
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	N/A	16.8
CLASS OF WORKER		
Private wage and salary workers	2,127	2,255
Government workers	304	305
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated bus	193	130
Unpaid family workers	17	0
INCOME		
Households	2,058	2,310
Less than \$10,000	203	200
\$10,000 to \$14,999	141	95
\$15,000 to \$24,999	414	165
\$25,000 to \$34,999	281	370
\$35,000 to \$49,999	196	350
\$50,000 to \$74,999	341	305
\$75,000 to \$99,999	131	170
\$100,000 to \$149,999	158	230
\$150,000 or more	193	420

Subject	1990	2000
Median Household income	\$ 34,609	\$ 47,137
Total Households with earnings	1,873	1,975
Mean earnings	\$ 57,948	\$ 91,020
Total Households with Social Security income	288	320
Mean Social Security income	\$ 9,314	\$ 12,056
Total Households with Supplemental Security income	N/A	45
Mean Supplemental Security income	N/A	\$ 4,563
Total Households with Public Assistance income	64	50
Mean Public Assistance income	\$ 3,704	\$ 1,484
Total Households with Retirement income	204	175
Mean Retirement income	\$ 14,181	\$ 22,445
Families		
	652	680
Less than \$10,000	32	25
\$10,000 to \$14,999	19	0
\$15,000 to \$24,999	26	35
\$25,000 to \$34,999	41	10
\$35,000 to \$49,999	61	45
\$50,000 to \$74,999	112	110
\$75,000 to \$99,999	104	55
\$100,000 to \$149,999	90	135
\$150,000 or more	167	265
Median family income	\$ 81,763	\$ 119,259
POPULATION BELOW POVERTY LEVEL (see Definition below *)		
Families		
	40	25
With related children under 18 years	19	25
With related children under 5 years	11	20
Families with female householder-no husband present		
	27	15
With related children under 18 years	14	15
With related children under 5 years	6	4
Individuals		
	302	330
18 years and over	275	290
65 years and over	13	30
Related children under 18 years	27	30
Related children 5 to 17 years	8	10
Unrelated children 15 years and over	N/A	260
POPULATION FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED		
Families		
	652	680
With related children under 18 years	256	320
With related children under 5 years	84	120
Families with female householder-no husband present		
	82	50
With related children under 18 years	39	30
With related children under 5 years	11	4
Individuals		
	3,358	3,985
18 years and over	3,319	3,510
65 years and over	371	400
Related children under 18 years	39	470
Related children 5 to 17 years	28	345
Unrelated children 15 years and over	N/A	2,095

Due to changes in how the Census Bureau defined occupational and industrial categories, data from 1990 and 2000 cannot be compared directly and are therefore presented separately

1990 Census Occupational and Industrial categories

Category	
Employed civilian population 16 years and over	2,641
OCCUPATION	
Managerial and professional specialty occupations:	
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	528
Professional specialty occupations	819
Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations:	
Technicians and related support occupations	94
Sales occupations	339
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	459
Services occupations:	
Private household occupations	11
Protective service occupations	0
Service occupations, except protective and household	253
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	10
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	78
Operators, fabricators, and laborers:	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	12
Transportation and material moving occupations	20
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	18
INDUSTRY	
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	5
Mining	0
Construction	39
Manufacturing, nondurable goods	100
Manufacturing, durable goods	128
Transportation	91
Communications and other public utilities	74
Wholesale trade	95
Retail trade	348
Finance, insurance, and real estate	324
Business and repair services	203
Personal services	84
Entertainment and recreation services	140
Professional and related services:	
Health services	226
Educational services	225
Other professional and related services	518
Public administration	41

2000 Census Occupational and Industrial categories

Category	
Employed civilian population 16 years and over	2,690
OCCUPATION	
Management, professional, and related occupations	
	1,790
Service occupations	
	250
Sales and office occupations	
	540
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	
	0
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	
	20
Production, transportation, and material moving occupation	
	90
INDUSTRY	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	
	10
Construction	
	25
Manufacturing	
	140
Wholesale trade	
	75
Retail trade	
	215
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	
	70
Information	
	130
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	
	305
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	
	715
Educational, health and social services	
	535
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services	
	280
Other services (except public administration)	
	120
Public administration	
	70

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Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 1990 and 2000

(*) Poverty definition.

Following the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB's) Directive 14, the Census Bureau uses a set of money income thresholds that vary by family size and composition to detect who is poor. If a family's total income is less than that family's threshold, then that family, and every individual in it, is considered poor. The poverty thresholds do not vary geographically, but they are updated annually for inflation with the Consumer Price Index (CPI-U). The official poverty definition counts money income before taxes and excludes capital gains and noncash benefits (such as public housing, medicaid, and food stamps). The link to 1990 poverty thresholds is: <http://www.census.gov/hhes/poverty/threshld/thresh89.html> and the link to the comparable 2000 thresholds is: <http://www.census.gov/hhes/poverty/threshld/thresh99.html>