

# 1990 and 2000 CENSUS : AUDUBON PARK NEIGHBORHOOD

## Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics

Subject	1990	2000
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>		
<b>Total Population 16 years and over</b>	4,620	4,175
In labor force	3,194	3,200
Civilian labor force	3,185	3,190
Employed	3,069	3,080
Unemployed	116	110
Percent of civilian labor force	3.6%	3.4%
Armed Forces	9	4
Not in labor force	1,426	975
<b>Females 16 years and over</b>	2,367	2,135
In labor force	1,439	1,475
Civilian labor force	1,439	1,475
Employed	1,378	1,425
<b>Own children under 6 years</b>	329	405
All parents in family in labor force	300	295
<b>COMMUTING TO WORK</b>		
<b>Workers 16 years and over</b>	2,992	3,040
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	1,843	2,265
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	477	275
Public transportation (including taxicab)	495	320
Walked	96	60
Other means	15	15
Worked at home	62	105
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	N/A	23
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>		
Private wage and salary workers	2,342	2,350
Government workers	559	555
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	168	155
Unpaid family workers	0	25
<b>INCOME</b>		
<b>Households</b>	2,376	2,270
Less than \$10,000	293	105
\$10,000 to \$14,999	213	115
\$15,000 to \$24,999	498	230
\$25,000 to \$34,999	430	305
\$35,000 to \$49,999	490	535
\$50,000 to \$74,999	389	510
\$75,000 to \$99,999	55	260
\$100,000 to \$149,999	8	155
\$150,000 or more	0	55

Subject	1990	2000
Median Household income	\$ 29,826	\$ 45,090
Total Households with earnings	1,884	2,005
Mean earnings	\$ 32,048	\$ 53,738
Total Households with Social Security income	567	415
Mean Social Security income	\$ 9,072	\$ 10,236
Total Households with Supplemental Security income	N/A	65
Mean Supplemental Security income	N/A	8,111
Total Households with Public Assistance income	146	135
Mean Public Assistance income	\$ 5,448	\$ 5,127
Total Households with Retirement income	457	250
Mean Retirement income	\$ 8,428	\$ 14,663
<b>Families</b>		
Less than \$10,000	102	40
\$10,000 to \$14,999	66	30
\$15,000 to \$24,999	259	80
\$25,000 to \$34,999	250	170
\$35,000 to \$49,999	337	225
\$50,000 to \$74,999	308	340
\$75,000 to \$99,999	51	200
\$100,000 to \$149,999	8	105
\$150,000 or more	0	50
Median family income	\$ 35,450	\$ 53,250
<b>POPULATION BELOW POVERTY LEVEL (see Definition below *)</b>		
<b>Families</b>		
With related children under 18 years	90	70
With related children under 5 years	69	70
With related children under 5 years	42	40
<b>Families with female householder-no husband present</b>		
With related children under 18 years	60	35
With related children under 5 years	52	35
With related children under 5 years	25	15
<b>Individuals</b>		
18 years and over	392	285
65 years and over	66	45
Related children under 18 years	65	135
Related children 5 to 17 years	27	100
Unrelated children 15 years and over	N/A	215
<b>POPULATION FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED</b>		
<b>Families</b>		
With related children under 18 years	1,381	1,235
With related children under 5 years	622	610
With related children under 5 years	244	340
<b>Families with female householder-no husband present</b>		
With related children under 18 years	240	185
With related children under 18 years	152	130
With related children under 5 years	69	40
<b>Individuals</b>		
18 years and over	4,472	4,020
65 years and over	899	435
Related children under 18 years	188	1,100
Related children 5 to 17 years	89	740
Unrelated children 15 years and over	N/A	1,475

Due to changes in how the Census Bureau defined occupational and industrial categories, data from 1990 and 2000 cannot be compared directly and are therefore presented separately

**1990 Census Occupational and Industrial categories**

Category	
<b>Employed civilian population 16 years and over</b>	3,069
<b>OCCUPATION</b>	
Managerial and professional specialty occupations:	
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	304
Professional specialty occupations	472
Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations:	
Technicians and related support occupations	119
Sales occupations	304
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	672
Services occupations:	
Private household occupations	7
Protective service occupations	11
Service occupations, except protective and household	425
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	13
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	322
Operators, fabricators, and laborers:	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	207
Transportation and material moving occupations	112
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	101
<b>INDUSTRY</b>	
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	6
Mining	0
Construction	146
Manufacturing, nondurable goods	173
Manufacturing, durable goods	356
Transportation	182
Communications and other public utilities	45
Wholesale trade	151
Retail trade	565
Finance, insurance, and real estate	218
Business and repair services	152
Personal services	77
Entertainment and recreation services	100
Professional and related services:	
Health services	370
Educational services	259
Other professional and related services	167
Public administration	102

**2000 Census Occupational and Industrial categories**

Category	
<b>Employed civilian population 16 years and over</b>	3,080
<b>OCCUPATION</b>	
Management, professional, and related occupations	1,165
Service occupations	455
Sales and office occupations	845
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	0
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	295
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	325
<b>INDUSTRY</b>	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	0
Construction	220
Manufacturing	290
Wholesale trade	75
Retail trade	310
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	135
Information	85
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	260
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	370
Educational, health and social services	785
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services	270
Other services (except public administration)	170
Public administration	105

Prepared by City of Minneapolis  
Community Planning and Economic Development Dept.

March 2005

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 1990 and 2000

(\*) Poverty definition.

Following the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB's) Directive 14, the Census Bureau uses a set of money income thresholds that vary by family size and composition to detect who is poor. If a family's total income is less than that family's threshold, then that family, and every individual in it, is considered poor. The poverty thresholds do not vary geographically, but they are updated annually for inflation with the Consumer Price Index (CPI-U). The official poverty definition counts money income before taxes and excludes capital gains and noncash benefits (such as public housing, medicaid, and food stamps). The link to 1990 poverty thresholds is: <http://www.census.gov/hhes/poverty/threshld/thresh89.html> and the link to the comparable 2000 thresholds is: <http://www.census.gov/hhes/poverty/threshld/thresh99.html>